

# UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY REGION 7

11201 Renner Boulevard Lenexa, Kansas 66219

OCT - 3 2017

Mr. John Michels Running Foxes Petroleum, Inc. 1690 155<sup>th</sup> St Fort Scott, Kansas 66701

RE: SPCC Inspection
Running Foxes Petroleum Inc. – North Stoner Lease
South 100 Rd at East Hudson Road
Richards, Missouri 64778

Dear Mr. Michels:

On July 28, 2017, a representative of the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency inspected Running Foxes Petroleum's North Stoner Lease located at South 100 Rd at East Hudson Road, 3.4 miles northwest of Richards, Missouri. The inspection was done under the authority of Section 308 of the Clean Water Act, 33 U.S.C. § 1318. A copy of the Spill Prevention Control and Countermeasures Field Inspection and Plan Review Checklist Form is enclosed for your information, and a comprehensive list of comments can be located in Attachment E.

The EPA is presently reviewing the findings of the report to determine your facility's compliance with the applicable statutes and regulations. If it is determined that violations exist, the EPA reserves all rights it may have to take appropriate enforcement action.

If there are any questions regarding this report or actions that you may want to take, please contact me at (913) 551-7928.

Sincerely,

Eduardo A. Ortiz

Environmental Engineer

Chemical and Oil Release Prevention Branch

Air and Waste Management Division

Enclosure



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# U.S. ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY SPCC FIELD INSPECTION AND PLAN REVIEW CHECKLIST

Running Foxes Petroleum Inc. - North Stoner Lease, Vernon County, MO

#### **Overview of the Checklist**

This checklist is designed to assist EPA inspectors in conducting a thorough and nationally consistent inspection of a facility's compliance with the Spill Prevention, Control, and Countermeasure (SPCC) rule at 40 CFR part 112. It is a required tool to help federal inspectors (or their contractors) record observations for the site inspection and review of the SPCC Plan. While the checklist is meant to be comprehensive, the inspector should always refer to the SPCC rule in its entirety, the SPCC Regional Inspector Guidance Document, and other relevant guidance for evaluating compliance. This checklist must be completed in order for an inspection to count toward an agency measure (i.e., OEM inspection measures or GPRA). The completed checklist and supporting documentation (i.e. photo logs or additional notes) serve as the inspection report.

This checklist addresses requirements for onshore oil drilling, production and workover facilities (including Tier II Qualified Facilities that meet the eligibility criteria set forth in §112.3(g)(2)). Qualified facilities must meet the rule requirements in §112.6 and other applicable sections specified in §112.6, except for deviations that provide environmental equivalence and secondary containment impracticability determinations as allowed under §112.6.

The checklist is organized according to the SPCC rule. Each item in the checklist identifies the relevant section and paragraph in 40 CFR part 112 where that requirement is stated.

- Sections 112.1 through 112.5 specify the applicability of the rule and requirements for the preparation, implementation, and amendment of SPCC Plans. For these sections, the checklist includes data fields to be completed, as well as several questions with "yes," "no" "NA" answers.
- Section 112.6 includes requirements for qualified facilities. These provisions are addressed in Attachment D.
- Section 112.7 includes general requirements that apply to all facilities (unless otherwise excluded).
- Section 112.9 specifies spill prevention, control, and countermeasures requirements for onshore oil drilling, production and workover facilities
- Section 112.10 specifies spill prevention, control, and countermeasures requirements for onshore oil drilling, production, and workover facilities.

The inspector needs to evaluate whether the requirement is addressed adequately or inadequately in the SPCC Plan and whether it is implemented adequately in the field (either by field observation or record review). For the SPCC Plan and implementation in the field, if a requirement is addressed adequately, mark the "Yes" box in the appropriate column. If a requirement is not addressed adequately, mark the "No" box. If a requirement does not apply to the particular facility or the question asked is not appropriate for the facility, mark as "NA". Discrepancies or descriptions of inspector interpretation of "No" vs. "NA" may be documented in the comments box subsequent to each section. If a provision of the rule applies only to the SPCC Plan, the "Field" column is shaded.

Space is provided throughout the checklist to record comments. Additional space is available as Attachment E at the end of the checklist. Comments should remain factual and support the evaluation of compliance.

#### **Attachments**

- Attachment A is for recording information about containers and other locations at the facility that require secondary containment.
- Attachment B is a checklist for documentation of the tests and inspections the facility operator is required to keep with the SPCC Plan.
- Attachment C is a checklist for oil spill contingency plans following 40 CFR 109. Unless a facility has submitted a
  Facility Response Plan (FRP) under 40 CFR 112.20, a contingency plan following 40 CFR 109 is required if a facility
  determines that secondary containment is impracticable as provided in 40 CFR 112.7(d). The same requirement for
  an oil spill contingency plan applies to the owner or operator of a facility with qualified oil-filled operational equipment
  that chooses to implement alternative requirements instead of general secondary containment requirements as
  provided in 40 CFR 112.7(k).
- Attachment D is a checklist for Tier II Qualified Facilities.
- Attachment E is for recording additional comments or notes.
- Attachment F is for recording information about photos.

FACILITY INFORMATION			<b>林门进</b> 镇		A BOY	THE R	
FACILITY NAME: Running Foxes Petroleu	m Inc. – I	North	Stoner Lease			1	4
LATITUDE: 37.933783°	LONGIT	TUDE	: <b>-</b> 94.614497°		GPS D	ATUM: WGS	684
Section/Township/Range: SW1/4, S6, T36	N, R33W	,	FRS#/OIL DA	TABASE ID:	-		ICIS#:
ADDRESS: South 100 Rd at East Hudson	Road, 3.	4 mile	es northwest o	f Richards, M	0		5.4
CITY: Richards	STATE:	TATE: MO ZIP: 64778			C	OUNTY: Vernon	
MAILING ADDRESS (IF DIFFERENT FROM FACILITY	TY ADDRESS	S-IF NO	OT, PRINT "SAME")	1690 155th St	t.		
CITY: Fort Scott	STATE:	: KS		ZIP: 66701		C	OUNTY:
TELEPHONE: (620) 305-8256	FA	CILIT	Y CONTACT	NAME/TITLE:	John Mi	ichels, Field	Supervisor
OWNER NAME: Running Foxes Petroleum	n, Inc.		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
OWNER ADDRESS: 4B Inverness Court E	East, Suit	te 120			-		
CITY: Englewood	STATE:	: CO		ZIP: 80112		С	OUNTY:
TELEPHONE: 303-617-7242	FA	AX:		ii.	E	EMAIL:	Constitute and the second of t
FACILITY OPERATOR NAME (IF DIFFERENT	FROM OWN	IER – IF	NOT, PRINT "SAME	) same		*****	
OPERATOR ADDRESS:							
CITY:	STATE	:		ZIP:		C	OUNTY:
TELEPHONE:	OF	PERA	TOR CONTAC	CT NAME/TITI	LE: sam	ne	
FACILITY TYPE: oil production lease						N	AICS CODE;
HOURS PER DAY FACILITY ATTENDED	): <b>1</b>			TOTAL FACI	LITY CA	PACITY: 50	,820 gallons
TYPE(S) OF OIL STORED: crude oil; oil-	water mix	x; salt	water				ű.
LOCATED IN INDIAN COUNTRY?	s Ø	NO F	RESERVATIO	N NAME:			
INSPECTION/PLAN REVIEW INFOR	RMATIO	N	- 1 Swi	y Harris		Min 1	THE TANK
PLAN REVIEW DATE: 8/8/2017	F	REVIE	EWER NAME:	Jeff Pritchard	<b>t</b>		
INSPECTION DATE: 7/28/2017		TIME:	9:30 AM	ACTIVIT	Y ID NO	:	
LEAD INSPECTOR: Jeff Pritchard				•			
OTHER INSPECTOR(S): Melinda Luetke				1.7			
INSPECTOR ACKNOWLEDGMENT				1810 X 10 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1			
I performed an SPCC inspection at the fa	cility spe	ecified	above.				
INSPECTOR SIGNATURE: )				DATE: 8-16-17			
SUPERVISOR REVIEW/SIGNATURE:	Sla	-1	\$				DATE: 8/18/17

SPCC GENERAL APPLICABILITY-40 CFR 112.1	Me was seen which	ave a Mara la ga	altholication of	
IS THE FACILITY REGULATED UNDER 40 CFR part 112?		tvarios, si partiare net		
The completely buried oil storage capacity is over 42,000 U.S. gallo storage capacity is over 1,320 U.S. gallons AND	ons, <u>OR</u> the aggregate	e aboveground oil	✓ Yes □ No	
The facility is a non-transportation-related facility engaged in drilling processing, refining, transferring, distributing, using, or consuming location could reasonably be expected to discharge oil into or upor States	oil and oil products, w	hich due to its	Yes LINO	
AFFECTED WATERWAY(S): Unnamed tributary to Shiloh Creek	DISTAN Shiloh C	CE: < 750 feet to tri	butary; 2.5 miles to	
FLOW PATH TO WATERWAY: surface drainage to unnamed tributar	y to Shiloh Creek			
Note: The following storage capacity is not considered in determining applicabili	y of SPCC requirements	The second second		
Equipment subject to the authority of the U.S. Department of	Containers smaller t			
Transportation, U.S. Department of the Interior, or Minerals Management Service, as defined in Memoranda of Understanding dated November	· Permanently closed	containers (as defined	in §112.2);	
24, 1971, and November 8, 1993; Tank trucks that return to an otherwise regulated facility that contain only residual amounts of oil (EPA Policy	· Motive power contain	iners (as defined in §1	12.2);	
letter)	· Hot-mix asphalt or a	ny hot-mix asphalt cor	ntainers;	
Completely buried tanks subject to all the technical requirements of 40 CFR part 280 or a state program approved under 40 CFR part 281;	· Heating oil containe	rs used solely at a sing	gle-family residence;	
Underground oil storage tanks deferred under 40 CFR part 280 that	Pesticide application	n equipment and relate	nent and related mix containers;	
supply emergency diesel generators at a nuclear power generation facility licensed by the Nuclear Regulatory Commission (NRC) and subject to any NRC provision regarding design and quality criteria,	<ul> <li>Any milk and milk product container and associated piping and appurtenances; and</li> </ul>			
including but not limited to CFR part 50;	Intra-facility gathering lines subject to the regulatory requirements			
<ul> <li>Any facility or part thereof used exclusively for wastewater treatment (production, recovery or recycling of oil is not considered wastewater treatment); (This does not include other oil containers located at a wastewater treatment facility, such as generator tanks or transformers)</li> </ul>	of 49 CFR part 192 or 195.			
Does the facility have an SPCC Plan?			☑Yes ☐No	
FACILITY RESPONSE PLAN (FRP) APPLICABILITY-40 CF	R 112.20(f)	on physical action and	i sh	
A non-transportation related onshore facility is required to prepare and	implement an FRP as	s outlined in 40 CFR	112.20 if:	
The facility transfers oil over water to or from vessels and has 42,000 U.S. gallons, <b>OR</b>	a total oil storage capa	acity greater than or	equal to	
The facility has a total oil storage capacity of at least 1 million	J.S. gallons, <u>AND</u> at l	east one of the follo	wing is true:	
The facility does not have secondary containment sufficient sufficient freeboard for precipitation.	ently large to contain t	he capacity of the la	argest aboveground tank	
☐ The facility is located at a distance such that a discharge	could cause injury to	fish and wildlife and	l sensitive environments	
☐ The facility is located such that a discharge would shut d	own a public drinking	water intake.		
The facility has had a reportable discharge greater than	or equal to 10,000 U.S	6. gallons in the pas	t 5 years.	
Facility has FRP: Yes No NA	FRP Number	•		
Facility has a completed and signed copy of Appendix C, Attachment "Certification of the Applicability of the Substantial Harm Criteria."	C-II,		☑ Yes ☐ No	
Comments: The facility stores less than the FRP-regulated quantity ar Petroleum Inc. production records for this lease go back to 2008.	d is therefore not sub	ject to the FRP regu	lations. Running Fox	
SPCC TIER II QUALIFIED FACILITY APPLICABILITY-40 C	FR 112.3(g)(2)		strong in	
The aggregate aboveground oil storage capacity is 10,000 U.S. gallor	s or less AND		☐ Yes ☑ No	
In the three years prior to the SPCC Plan self-certification date, or sin facility has been in operation for less than three years), the facility has		o the rule (if the		

. .

<ul> <li>A single disch</li> </ul>	arge as described i	n §112.1(b) exceeding	1,000 U.S	6. gallons, <u>OR</u>	High To St	Yes [	<b>J</b> No
<ul> <li>Two discharge</li> </ul>	es as described in §	112.1(b) each exceedi	ng 42 U.S	. gallons within any twelve	e-month period1	☐ Yes ☐	JNo
	IF YES TO ALL OF THE ABOVE, THEN THE FACILITY IS A TIER II QUALIFIED FACILITY?  SEE ATTACHMENT D FOR TIER II QUALIFIED FACILITY CHECKLIST						
REQUIREMEN	TS FOR PREPAR	RATION AND IMPLE	MENTA	TION OF A SPCC PLA	N-40 CFR 112	2.3	
Date facility bega	n operations: Runr	ning Fox Petroleum Inc.	production	on records for this lease go	back to 2008.		
Date of initial SP	CC Plan preparation	n: unknown	Current F	Plan version (date/number	): February 2017		
	offshore or have an  In operation o implemented Facilities begi Plan pre operation	offshore component; on or prior to November by November 10, 2010 nning operation after N pared and fully implements; or pared and fully implemented and fu	or facilities 10, 2010: ) ovember ented befo	ng mobile or portable facility required to have and subto Plan prepared and/or amula, 2010:  ore drilling and workover facility is months after oil products.	mit a FRP: ended and fully acilities begin	☐Yes [	
	For all other drilling In operation of implemented Facilities beging Plan predictions Plan predictions	, production or workove on or prior to November by <b>November 10, 2011</b> inning operation after N epared and fully implemens; or	10, 2011 I lovember sented be	s, including mobile or portal Plan prepared and/or am 10, 2011: fore drilling and workover the six months after oil profile.	ended and fully	☐ Yes 【	
112.3(d)	PE attests: PE is familiar PE or agent h Plan is prepa of applicable Procedures fo Plan is adequ For produced amount of fre the procedure	with the requirements on as visited and examine red in accordance with industry standards and or required inspections tate for the facility water containers subject-phase oil is designed.	of 40 CFF ed the faci good eng the requi and testir ect to 112 I to reduce quired ins	lity ineering practice including rements of 40 CFR part 1 g have been established  9(c)(6), any procedure to e the accumulation of free- pections, maintenance an	g consideration 12 minimize the -phase oil and	Yes Ves Ves Ves Ves Ves Ves Ves Ves Ves V	
PE Name: Amy	Michelle Reed	License No.: 2005001	1036	State: MO	Date of certificat	ion: 2/7/2	017
112.3(e)(1)	available at the ne comments section	earest field office. (Plea below.)	se note n	per day. If facility is unatte earest field office contact i	nformation in		□ No □1
Comments: Running Fox Petroleum Inc. production records for this lease go back to 2008. The SPCC plan is dated February 7, 2017. The PE Certification page does not contain statement regarding produced water containers. The SPCC plan is available at the Fort Scott field office.							
AMENDMENT	OF SPCC PLAN	BY REGIONAL AD	MINISTF	ATOR (RA)-40 CFR	112.4	A SKILL	
112.4(a),(c)				allons of oil in a single republe discharges in any 12-		Yes Spill occ	No No vurred 7/26/

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Oil discharges that result from natural disasters, acts of war, or terrorism are not included in this determination. The gallon amount(s) specified (either 1,000 or 42) refers to the amount of oil that actually reaches navigable waters or adjoining shorelines not the total amount of oil spilled. The entire volume of the discharge is oil for this determination.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> An owner/operator who self-certifies a Tier II SPCC Plan may not include any environmentally equivalent alternatives or secondary containment impracticability determinations unless reviewed and certified by a PE.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> A reportable discharge is a discharge as described in §112.1(b)(see 40 CFR part 110). The gallon amount(s) specified (either 1,000 or 42) refers to the amount of oil that actually reaches navigable waters or adiciping shorelines not the total amount of oil spilled. The entire volume of the discharge is oil

If YES		submitted to the RA as requ			☐Yes ☐No ☑NA
	Was information pollution control a	submitted to the appropriate activities in the State in which	agency or agencies h the facility is located	in charge of oil d§112.4(c)	☐Yes ☐ No ☑ NA
-	• •	me(s) of reportable discharg	es(s) under this section	on:	group group
	Were the dischar	rges reported to the NRC <sup>5</sup> ?			Yes Y No
112.4(d),(e)	Have changes require	ed by the RA been implemen	ted in the Plan and/or	r facility?	Yes No MA
collection of 80 b	parrels (3,360 gallons)	on July 26, 2017. Initial resp of oil from the unnamed tribus s a jurisdictional water body.	utary north of the spill	icted by Running Foxes . The unnamed tributa	s personnel included the ry is the headwaters of
AMENDMENT	OF SPCC PLAN B	Y THE OWNER OR OPE	RATOR—40 CFR 1	112.5	Contracts of the Contract of t
112.5(a)	Has there been a cha described in §112.1(b	inge at the facility that materi ))?	ially affects the poten	tial for a discharge	☐ Yes ☑ No
If YES	Was the Plan ar	nended within six months of	the change?		Yes V No
	Were amendme	nts implemented within six m	nonths of any Plan an	nendment?	☐ Yes ☑ No
112.5(b)	Review and evaluation	n of the Plan completed at le	east once every 5 year	ars?	☐Yes ☐No ☑NA
	prevention and contro	v, was Plan amended within ol technology that has been t rge described in §112.1(b)?	six months to include field-proven to signific	more effective antly reduce the	☐ Yes ☐ No ☑ NA
		ented within six months of a	ny Plan amendment?		☐Yes ☐No ☑NA
	Five year Plan review	v and evaluation documented	d?		☐Yes ☐No ☑NA
112.5(c)	Professional Engineer certification of any technical Plan amendments in accordance with all applicable requirements of §112.3(d) [Except for self-certified Plans]			☐ Yes ☐ No ☑ NA	
Name:		License No.:	State:	Date of certificat	iion:
Comments: T	he SPCC plan has not	t been amended since it was	recertified in Februa	ry 2017.	
GENERAL S	PCC REQUIREMEN	ITS-40 CFR 112.7	Section will care	PLAN	FIELD
Management a fully implement		uthority to commit the neces	sary resources to	☑ Yes ☐ No	
Plan follows se requirements a	equence of the rule or i	s an equivalent Plan meeting eference of provisions	g all applicable rule	Yes No No	4
details of their	r facilities, procedures, installation and start-u I testing baselines.)	methods, or equipment not p are discussed (Note: Rele	yet fully operational, vant for inspection	☐Yes ☐No ☑N	4
112.7(a)(2)	(h)(2) and (3), and (except the seconda	deviations from the requireme (i) and applicable subparts B try containment requirements 112.9(d)(3), and 112.10(c)	and C of the rule,	☐ Yes ☑ No ☐ N	A
If YES		s reasons for nonconformand	ce	☐Yes ☐No ☑N	
	environmental the environmental	asures described in detail an protection (Note: Inspector s ntal equivalence is implemer th the Plan's description)	hould document if	Yes No No No	A Yes No VN
Describe each	n deviation and reason lease operations is dis	s for nonconformance: There cussed in separate sections	e is an SPCC plan that of the Plan.	at covers multiple lease	s. The specifics regarding

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Triggering this threshold may disqualify the facility from meeting the Qualified Facility criteria if it occurred in the three years prior to self-certification <sup>5</sup> Inspector Note-Confirm any spills identified above were reported to NRC

112.7(a)(3)	Plan describes physical layout of facility and includes a diagram <sup>7</sup> that identifies:  Location and contents of all regulated fixed oil storage containers  Storage areas where mobile or portable containers are located  Completely buried tanks otherwise exempt from the SPCC requirements (marked as "exempt")  Transfer stations  Connecting pipes, including intra-facility gathering lines that are otherwise exempt from the requirements of this part under §112.1(d)(11)  Plan addresses each of the following:	☑ Yes ☐ No	Yes No
(i)	For each fixed container, type of oil and storage capacity (see Attachment A of this checklist). For mobile or portable containers, type of oil and storage capacity for each container or an estimate of the potential number of mobile or portable containers, the types of oil, and anticipated storage capacities	☑ Yes ☐ No	Yes No
(ii)	Discharge prevention measures, including procedures for routine handling of products (loading, unloading, and facility transfers, etc.)	Yes No	☑ Yes ☐ No
(iii)	Discharge or drainage controls, such as secondary containment around containers, and other structures, equipment, and procedures for the control of a discharge	☑ Yes ☐ No	Yes No
(iv)	Countermeasures for discharge discovery, response, and cleanup (both facility's and contractor's resources)	Yes No	☑Yes ☐No
(v)	Methods of disposal of recovered materials in accordance with applicable legal requirements	☑ Yes ☐ No	
(vi)	Contact list and phone numbers for the facility response coordinator, National Response Center, cleanup contractors with an agreement for response, and all Federal, State, and local agencies who must be contacted in the case of a discharge as described in §112.1(b)	☑Yes ☐No	
112.7(a)(4)	Does not apply if the facility has submitted an FRP under §112.20:	✓ Yes ☐ No ☐ NA	
	Plan includes information and procedures that enable a person reporting an oil discharge as described in §112.1(b) to relate information	on on the:	
	Exact address or location and phone     number of the facility;     Cause of the disch		
	Date and time of the discharge;     Damages or injurie	<b>o</b> .	
	Type of material discharged; discharge;     Estimates of the total quantity discharged;     Estimates of the quantity discharged as mitigate the effects	of the discharge;	
		ation may be needed; and als and/or organizations on tacted.	
112.7(a)(5)	Does not apply if the facility has submitted a FRP under §112.20:	Yes No NA	
	Plan organized so that portions describing procedures to be used when a discharge occurs will be readily usable in an emergency		
112.7(b)	Plan includes a prediction of the direction, rate of flow, and total quantity of oil that could be discharged for each type of major equipment failure where experience indicates a reasonable potential for equipment failure	▼Yes □No □NA	
Comments: Re	porting procedures are adequate but the NRC was not notified of the J	uly 26, 2017, release.	
Appropriate containment and/or diversionary structures or equipment are provided to prevent a discharge as described in §112.1(b), except as provided in §112.7(k) of this section for certain qualified operational equipment and §112.9(d)(3) for certain flowlines and intra-facility gathering lines at an oil production facility. The entire containment system, including walls and floors, are capable of containing oil and are constructed to prevent escape of a discharge from the containment system before cleanup occurs. The method, design, and capacity for secondary containment address the typical failure mode and the most likely quantity of oil that would be discharged. See Attachment A of this checklist.  For onshore facilities, one of the following or its equivalent:			

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	The state of the s	PLAN	FIELD
	<ul> <li>Dikes, berms, or retaining walls sufficiently impervious to contain oil,</li> <li>Curbing or drip pans,</li> <li>Sumps and collection systems,</li> <li>Culverting, gutters or other drainage systems,</li> </ul> Weirs, boor <ul> <li>Spill diversions</li> <li>Retention properties</li> <li>Sorbent materials</li> </ul>	oonds, or	
	Identify which of the following are present at the facility and if appropri or equipment are provided as described above:	iate containment and/or d	iversionary structures
	☑ Bulk storage containers	☑Yes ☐No ☐NA	
	☐ Mobile/portable containers	☐Yes ☐ No ☑ NA	☐ Yes ☐ No ☑ NA
	☑ Oil-filled operational equipment (as defined in 112.2)	☑Yes ☐No ☐NA	✓ Yes ☐ No ☐ NA
	Other oil-filled equipment (i.e., manufacturing equipment)	☐Yes ☐ No ☑ NA	
	☑ Piping and related appurtenances	Yes No NA	
	☐ Mobile refuelers of non-transportation-related tank cars	☐Yes ☐ No ☑NA	
	☑ Transfer areas, equipment and activities	Yes No NA	
	Identify any other equipment or activities that are not listed above: gathering lines	Yes No NA	✓ Yes ☐ No ☐ NA
112.7(d)	Secondary containment for one (or more) of the following provisions is determined to be impracticable:	☑ Yes ☐ No	
	General secondary containment \$112.7(c) Bulk storage containers \$\\$112.8(c)(2)/112.12(c)(2)		
	Loading/unloading rack		
If <b>YE</b> S	The impracticability of secondary containment is clearly demonstrated and described in the Plan	☑Yes ☐No ☐NA	Yes No NA
	<ul> <li>For bulk storage containers,<sup>8</sup> periodic integrity testing of containers and integrity and leak testing of the associated valves and piping is conducted</li> </ul>	☐Yes ☐No ☑NA	☐Yes ☐No ☑NA
	<ul> <li>(Does not apply if the facility has submitted a FRP under §112.20):</li> <li>Contingency Plan following the provisions of 40 CFR part 109 is provided (see Attachment C of this checklist) AND</li> </ul>	☑Yes ☐No ☐NA	
	Written commitment of manpower, equipment, and materials required to expeditiously control and remove any quantity of oil discharged that may be harmful	Yes No NA	☑Yes ☐No ☐NA
consistent heig states that the the south side of	ulk containers are within sized secondary containment. The secondar ht or at a height that is in accordance with the suggested calculations perm will be maintained at a height of 30 inches. The berm was meast of the berm. General secondary containment of oil field flowlines is cited an has been developed as part of the plan	provided in the SPCC plar ured on July 27, 2017, at	n. The SPCC plan a height of 6 inches on
vid court ou		PLAN	FIELD
112.7(e)	Inspections and tests conducted in accordance with written procedures	Yes DNo	☑ Yes ☐ No
	Record of inspections or tests signed by supervisor or inspector	☑Yes ☐No	☑ Yes ☐ No
	Kept with Plan for at least 3 years (see Attachment B of this checklist)9	Yes No	Yes No
112.7(f)			led her had
(1)	Training of oil-handling personnel in operation and maintenance of equipment to prevent discharges; discharge procedure protocols; applicable pollution control laws, rules, and regulations; general facility operations; and contents of SPCC Plan	Yes UNo UNA	Yes No NA

<sup>8</sup> These additional requirements apply only to bulk storage containers, when an impracticability determination has been made by the PE

(2)	Person designated as accountable for discharge prevention at the facility and reports to facility management	Yes No NA	Yes No NA		
(3)	Discharge prevention briefings conducted at least once a year for oil handling personnel to assure adequate understanding of the Plan. Briefings highlight and describe known discharges as described in §112.1(b) or failures, malfunctioning components, and any recently developed precautionary measures	☑Yes ☐ No ☐ NA	☑Yes ☐No ☐NA		
112.7(h)	Tank car and tank truck loading/unloading rack <sup>10</sup> is present at the fac	ility	Yes No		
	Loading/unloading rack means a fixed structure (such as a platform, gangway tank car, which is located at a facility subject to the requirements of this part. A unloading arm, and may include any combination of the following: piping assessensors, or personnel safety devices.	A loading/unloading rack inclu	ides a loading or		
If YES (1)	Does loading/unloading rack drainage flow to catchment basin or treatment facility designed to handle discharges or use a quick drainage system?	☐Yes ☐No ☑NA	☐Yes ☐No ☑NA		
	Containment system holds at least the maximum capacity of the largest single compartment of a tank car/truck loaded/unloaded at the facility	☐Yes ☐No ☑NA	☐Yes ☐No ☑NA		
(2)	An interlocked warning light or physical barriers, warning signs, wheel chocks, or vehicle brake interlock system in the area adjacent to the loading or unloading rack to prevent vehicles from departing before complete disconnection of flexible or fixed oil transfer lines	☐Yes ☐No ☑NA	☐Yes ☐ No ☑ NA		
(3)	Lower-most drains and all outlets on tank cars/trucks inspected prior to filling/departure, and, if necessary ensure that they are tightened, adjusted, or replaced to prevent liquid discharge while in transit	☐Yes ☐ No ☑ NA	☐ Yes ☐ No ☑ NA		
	ionthly tank inspections are conducted but some of the monthly record a September and November 2016 and May and June 2017 were not ping rack.				
200 200	24 Sept. 24 Sept. 25	PLAN	FIELD		
112.7(i)	Brittle fracture evaluation of field-constructed aboveground containers is conducted after tank repair, alteration, reconstruction, or change in service that might affect the risk of a discharge or after a discharge/failure due to brittle fracture or other catastrophe, and appropriate action taken as necessary (applies to only field-constructed aboveground containers in production service, drilling, and workover service)	Yes No MA	Yes No NA		
112.7(j)	Discussion of conformance with applicable more stringent State rules, regulations, and guidelines and other effective discharge prevention and containment procedures listed in 40 CFR part 112	☑Yes ☐No ☐NA			
112.7(k)	Qualified oil-filled operational equipment is present at the facility <sup>11</sup>		☑ Yes ☐ No		
If YES	Oil-filled operational equipment means equipment that includes an oil storage container (or multiple containers) in which the oil is present solely to support the function of the apparatus or the device. Oil-filled operational equipment is not considered a bulk storage container, and does not include oil-filled manufacturing equipment (flow-through process). Examples of oil-filled operational equipment include, but are not limited to, hydraulic systems, lubricating systems (e.g., those for pumps, compressors and other rotating equipment, including pumpjack lubrication systems), gear boxes, machining coolant systems, heat transfer systems, transformers, circuit breakers, electrical switches, and other systems containing oil solely to enable the operation of the device.				
	Secondary Containment provided in accordance with 112.7(c)				
	Alternative measure described below (confirm eligibility)	$\checkmark$			
112.7(k)	Qualified Oil-Filled Operational Equipment				
	<ul> <li>Has a single reportable discharge as described in §112.1(b) from operational equipment exceeding 1,000 U.S. gallons occurred with prior to Plan certification date?</li> </ul>		Yes No NA		

 $<sup>^{\</sup>rm 10}$  Note that a tank car/truck loading/unloading rack must be present for §112.7(h) to apply

	<ul> <li>Have two reportable discharges as described in §112.1(b) from ar equipment each exceeding 42 U.S. gallons occurred within any 12 the three years prior to Plan certification date?<sup>12</sup></li> </ul>	ny oil-filled operational 2-month period within	☐Yes ☑No ☐NA	
	If YES for either, secondary containment in accorda	ance with §112.7(c) is req	uired	
	Facility procedure for inspections or monitoring program to detect equipment failure and/or a discharge is established and documented  Does not apply if the facility has submitted a FRP under §112.20:	☑Yes ☐No ☐NA	☑Yes ☐No ☐NA	
	Contingency plan following 40 CFR part 109 (see Attachment C of this checklist) is provided in Plan <u>AND</u>	☑Yes ☐No ☐NA		
	Written commitment of manpower, equipment, and materials required to expeditiously control and remove any quantity of oil discharged that may be harmful is provided in Plan	☑Yes ☐No ☐NA		
Comments: Fa	acility has oil pumpjacks. An Oil Spill Contingency Plan has been deve	loped for the facility.		
ONSHORE OI	L PRODUCTION FACILITIES—40 CFR 112.9 NA	PLAN	FIELD	
Production facility intra-facility gather related equipment storage or measur subject to a specif	prkover facilities are excluded from the requirements of §112.9) means all structures (including but not limited to wells, platforms, or storage facing lines), or equipment (including but not limited to workover equipment, sepail) used in the production, extraction, recovery, lifting, stabilization, separation or rement, and is located in an oil or gas field, at a facility. This definition governs the section of this part.	ration equipment, or auxiliary treating of oil (including con	non-transportation- densate), or associated	
112.9(b) Oil Pro	oduction Facility Drainage	proof proof		
(1)	At tank batteries, separation and treating areas where there is a reasonable possibility of a discharge as described in §112.1(b), drains for dikes or equivalent measures are closed and sealed except when draining uncontaminated rainwater. Accumulated oil on the rainwater is removed and then returned to storage or disposed of in accordance with legally approved methods	Yes No NA	☑ Yes ☐ No ☐ NA	
	Prior to drainage, diked area inspected and action taken as provided below:			
	112.8(c)(3)(ii) - Retained rainwater is inspected to ensure that its presence will not cause a discharge as described in §112.1(b)	Yes No NA		
	112.8(c)(3)(iii) - Bypass valve opened and resealed under responsible supervision		Yes No NA	
	<ul> <li>112.8(c)(3)(iv) - Adequate records of drainage are kept; for example, records required under permits issued in accordance with §122.41(j)(2) and (m)(3)</li> </ul>	Yes No NA	Yes No NA	
(2)	Field drainage systems (e.g., drainage ditches or road ditches) and oil traps, sumps, or skimmers inspected at regularly scheduled intervals for oil, and accumulations of oil promptly removed	☑Yes ☐No ☐NA	☑ Yes ☐ No ☐ NA	
112.9(c) Oil Production Facility Bulk Storage Containers  Bulk storage container means any container used to store oil. These containers are used for purposes including, but not limited to, the storage of oil prior to use, while being used, or prior to further distribution in commerce. Oil-filled electrical, operating, or manufacturing equipment is not a bulk storage container.				
(1)	Containers materials and construction are compatible with material stored and conditions of storage such as pressure and temperature	☑Yes ☐No ☐NA	Yes No No	
(2)	Except as allowed for flow-through process vessels in §112.9(c)(5) and produced water containers in §112.9(c)(6), secondary containment provided for all tank battery, separation and treating facilities sized to hold the capacity of largest single container and sufficient freeboard for precipitation.	☑ Yes ☐ No ☐ NA	Yes No No	
	Drainage from undiked area safely confined in a catchment basin or holding pond.	Yes No INA	Yes No No	

<sup>12</sup> Oil discharges that result from natural disasters, acts of war, or terrorism are not included in this determination. The gallon amount(s) specified (either

(3)	Except as allowed for flow-through process vessels in §112.9(c)(5) and produced water containers in §112.9(c)(6), periodically and upon a regular schedule, visually inspect containers for deterioration and maintenance needs, including foundation and supports of each container on or above the surface of the ground	Yes No NA	Yes No NA
(4)	pumper/gauger is delayed in making regularly scheduled  • High leve	Yes No NA  e vacuum protection to prever el sensors to generate and tra r where the facility is subject t ystem	nsmit an alarm to the
the facility report berm is not main plan. The SPCC	k containers were all within sized secondary containment. No records tedly pumps drainage water back into produced water tanks for injection tained at a consistent height or at a height that is in accordance with the contained at a height of 30 inchests on the south side of the berm.	on into wellfield. The seco the suggested calculations	ondary containment sprovided in the SPCC
	99 3955 A 10 A SANGER B TO EST	PLAN	FIELD
(5)	Flow-through Process Vessels. Alternate requirements in lieu of si and requirements in (c)(3) above for facilities with flow-through process.		nt required in (c)(2)
(i)	Flow-through process vessels and associated components (e.g. dump valves) are periodically and on a regular schedule visually inspected and/or tested for leaks, corrosion, or other conditions that could lead to a discharge as described in §112.1(b)	☐ Yes ☐ No ☑ NA	☐Yes ☐No ☑NA
(ii)	Corrective actions or repairs have been made to flow-through process vessels and any associated components as indicated by regularly scheduled visual inspections, tests, or evidence of an oil discharge	☐Yes ☐No ☑NA	☐ Yes ☐ No ☑ NA
(ili)	Oil removed or other actions initiated to promptly stabilize and remediate any accumulation of oil discharges associated with the produced water container	☐ Yes ☐ No ☑ NA	☐ Yes ☐ No ☑ NA
(iv)	All flow-through process vessels comply with §§112.9(c)(2) and (c)(3) within six months of any flow-through process vessel discharge of more than 1,000 U.S. gallons of oil in a single discharge as described in §112.1(b) or discharges of more than 42 U.S. gallons of oil in each of two discharges as described in §112.1(b) within any twelve month period. <sup>13</sup>	☐Yes ☐No ☑NA	☐Yes ☐No ☑NA
(6)	<b>Produced Water Containers</b> . Alternate requirements in lieu of size requirements in (c)(3) above for facilities with produced water contains		required in (c)(2) and
(i)	A procedure is implemented on a regular schedule for each produced water container that is designed to separate the free-phase oil that accumulates on the surface of the produced water.	☐ Yes ☐ No ☑ NA	☐Yes ☐ No ☑ NA
×	A description is included in the Plan of the procedures, frequency, and amount of free-phase oil expected to be maintained inside the container;	Yes No MA	
	PE certifies in accordance with §112.3(d)(1)(vi);	☐ Yes ☐ No ☑ NA	
	Records of such events are maintained in accordance with §112.7(e).	☐Yes ☐ No ☑ NA	☐ Yes ☐ No ☑ NA
	If this procedure is not implemented as described in the facility owner/operator must comply with		intained, then
(ii)	Each produced water container and associated piping is visually inspected, on a regular basis, for leaks, corrosion, or other conditions that could lead to a discharge as described in §112.1(b) in accordance with good engineering practice.	Yes No V NA	Yes No VNA

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>13</sup> Oil discharges that result from natural disasters, acts of war, or terrorism are not included in this determination. The gallon amount(s) specified (either 1,000 or 42) refers to the amount of oil that actually reaches navigable waters or adioining shorelines not the total amount of oil spilled. The entire

(iii)	Corrective action or necessary repairs were made to any produced water container and associated piping as indicated by regularly scheduled visual inspections, tests, or evidence of an oil discharge.	☐Yes ☐ No ☑ NA	☐Yes ☐No ☑NA
(iv)	Oil removed or other actions initiated to promptly stabilize and remediate any accumulation of oil discharges associated with the produced water container.	☐Yes ☐ No ☑ NA	Yes No MA
(v)	All produced water containers comply with §§112.9(c)(2) and (c)(3) within six months of any produced water container discharge of more than 1,000 U.S. gallons of oil in a single discharge as described in §112.1(b) or discharges of more than 42 U.S. gallons of oil in each of two discharges as described in §112.1(b) within any twelve month period. <sup>13</sup>	Yes No INA	☐Yes ☐No ☑NA
Comments: Flor containment.	w-through process vessels and produced water containers associated	d with the lease are within	sized secondary
		PLAN	FIELD
112.9(d) Facility	y transfer operations, pumping, and facility process		
(1)	All aboveground valves and piping associated with transfer operations are inspected periodically and upon a regular schedule to determine their general condition. Include the general condition of flange joints, valve glands and bodies, drip pans, pipe supports, pumping well polish rod stuffing boxes, bleeder and gauge valves, and other such items	☑Yes ☐No ☐NA	☑Yes ☐No ☐NA
(2)	Saltwater (oil field brine) disposal facilities inspected often to detect possible system upsets capable of causing a discharge, particularly following a sudden change in atmospheric temperature	☑Yes ☐No ☐NA	Yes No NA
(3)	If flowlines and intra-facility gathering lines are not provided with secondary containment in accordance with §112.7(c) and the facility is not required to submit an FRP under §112.20, then the SPCC Plan includes:		
(i)	An oil spill contingency plan following the provisions of 40 CFR part 109 <sup>14</sup>	Yes No NA	☑Yes ☐No ☐NA
(ii)	<ul> <li>A written commitment of manpower, equipment, and materials required to expeditiously control and remove any quantity of oil discharged that might be harmful</li> </ul>	Yes No NA	☑Yes ☐No ☐NA
(4)	A flowline/intra-facility gathering line maintenance program to prevent discharges is prepared and implemented and includes the following procedures:		
(i)	Flowlines and intra-facility gathering lines and associated valves and equipment are compatible with the type of production fluids, their potential corrosivity, volume, and pressure, and other conditions expected in the operational environment	☑Yes ☐No ☐NA	Yes No NA
(ii)	Flowlines and intra-facility gathering lines and associated appurtenances are visually inspected and/or tested on a periodic and regular schedule for leaks, oil discharges, corrosion, or other conditions that could lead to a discharge as described in §112.1(b).  If flowlines and intra-facility gathering lines are not provided with	✓ Yes ☐ No ☐ NA  ✓ Yes ☐ No ☐ NA	✓ Yes ☐ No ☐ NA  ✓ Yes ☐ No ☐ NA
	secondary containment in accordance with §112.7(c), the frequency and type of testing allows for the implementation of a contingency plan as described under 40 CFR 109 or an FRP submitted under §112.20		
(iii)	Repairs or other corrective actions are made to any flowlines and intra-facility gathering lines and associated appurtenances as indicated by regularly scheduled visual inspections, tests, or evidence of a discharge	Yes No NA	Yes No NA

. .

(iv)	Oil removed or other actions initiated to promptly stabilize and remediate any accumulations of oil discharges associated with the flowlines, intra-facility gathering lines, and associated appurtenances	☑Yes ☐No ☐NA	Yes ONO ONA	
ONSHORE O	L DRILLING AND WORKOVER FACILITIES-40 CFR 112.1	0	☑ NA	
112.10(b)	Mobile drilling or workover equipment is positioned or located to prevent a discharge as described in §112.1(b)	☐Yes ☐ No ☐ NA	☐ Yes ☐ No ☐ NA	
112.10(c)	Catchment basins or diversion structures are provided to intercept and contain discharges of fuel, crude oil, or oily drilling fluids	Yes No NA	Yes No NA	
112.10(d)	Blowout prevention (BOP) assembly and well control system installed before drilling below any casing string or during workover operations BOP assembly and well control system is capable of controlling any well-head pressure that may be encountered while on the well	☐ Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐ Yes ☐ No ☐ NA	☐ Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐ Yes ☐ No ☐ NA	
Comments: The SPCC plan itemizes inspection procedures for flowlines associated with the lease. Additionally, a Contingency Plan has been developed for the lease. Documentation of monthly inspections was found to be incomplete.				

## ATTACHMENT A: SPCC FIELD INSPECTION AND PLAN REVIEW TABLE

**Documentation of Field Observations for Containers and Associated Requirements** 

Container Type	Storage Capacity (gal)	Type of Oil	Type of Containment/ Drainage Control	Overfill Protection and Testing & Inspections
	8,820	crude oil and produced water		Flow through to oil storage or produced water tank; otherwise no overfill protection. Tanks inspected monthly.
	8,400	crude	Earthen berm containment	Redundant, interconnected tanks, otherwise no overfill protection. Tanks
Fiberglass and	8,400	crude	area. (Note: The site inspection determined that the height	inspected monthly.
Steel ASTs	8,400		of the berm at the low area was measured at six inches where gravel and other solid material had	
	8,400	crude oil and produced water	filled in the containment.	Redundant, interconnected tanks, pumpe to injection fields otherwise no overfill protection. Tanks inspected monthly.
	8,400			
	50,820	gallons		

## ATTACHMENT B: SPCC INSPECTION AND TESTING CHECKLIST

**Required Documentation of Tests and Inspections** 

Records of inspections and tests required by 40 CFR part 112 signed by the appropriate supervisor or inspector must be kept by all facilities with the SPCC Plan for a period of three years. Records of inspections and tests conducted under usual and customary business practices will suffice. Documentation of the following inspections and tests should be kept with the SPCC Plan.

		Docum	entation	2024
	Inspection or Test	Present	Not Present	Not Applicable
112.7–Genera	al SPCC Requirements		W 2017	
(d)	Integrity testing for bulk storage containers with no secondary containment system and for which an impracticability determination has been made			M
(d)	Integrity and leak testing of valves and piping associated with bulk storage containers with no secondary containment system and for which an impracticability determination has been made	П		Y
(h)(3)	Inspection of lowermost drain and all outlets of tank car or tank truck prior to filling and departure from loading/unloading rack			区
(i)	Evaluation of field-constructed aboveground containers for potential for brittle fracture or other catastrophic failure when the container undergoes a repair, alteration, reconstruction or change in service or has discharged oil or failed due to brittle fracture failure or other catastrophe			N
k(2)(i)	Inspection or monitoring of qualified oil-filled operational equipment when the equipment meets the qualification criteria in §112.7(k)(1) and facility owner/operator chooses to implement the alternative requirements in §112.7(k)(2) that include an inspection or monitoring program to detect oil-filled operational equipment failure and discharges	团		gacon Logal
112.9-Onsh	ore Oil Production Facilities (excluding drilling and workover facilities)			□NA
(b)(1)	Rainwater released directly from diked containment areas inspected following §§112.8(c)(3)(ii), (iii) and (iv), including records of drainage kept		V	
(b)(2)	Field drainage systems, oil traps, sumps, and skimmers inspected regularly for oil, and accumulations of oil promptly removed	V		
(c)(3)	Containers, foundations and supports inspected visually for deterioration and maintenance needs	V		
(c)(5)(i)	In lieu of having sized secondary containment, flow-through process vessels and associated components visually inspected and/or tested periodically and on a regular schedule for conditions that could result in a discharge as described in §112.1(b)			V
(c)(6)(ii	In lieu of having sized secondary containment, produced water containers and associated piping are visually inspected and/or tested for leaks, corrosion, or other conditions that could lead to a discharge as described in §112.1(b) in accordance with good engineering practice		Total and	Ø
(d)(1	All aboveground valves and piping associated with transfer operations are regularly inspected			
(d)(2	Saltwater disposal facilities inspected often to detect possible system upsets capable of causing a discharge	V		
(d)(4)(ii	For flowlines and intra-facility gathering lines without secondary containment, in accordance with §112.7(c), lines are visually inspected and/or tested periodically and on a regular schedule to allow implementing the part 109 contingency plan or the FRP submitted under §112.20	V		

#### ATTACHMENT C: SPCC CONTINGENCY PLAN REVIEW CHECKLIST

DNA

40 CFR Part 109-Criteria for State, Local and Regional Oil Removal Contingency Plans

If SPCC Plan includes an impracticability determination for secondary containment in accordance with §112.7(d), the facility owner/operator is required to provide an oil spill contingency plan following 40 CFR part 109, unless he or she has submitted a FRP under §112.20. An oil spill contingency plan may also be developed, unless the facility owner/operator has submitted a FRP under §112.20 as one of the required alternatives to general secondary containment for qualified oil filled operational equipment in accordance with §112.7(k).

109.5-	Development and implementation criteria for State, local and regional oil removal contingency plans <sup>15</sup>	Yes	No
(a)	Definition of the authorities, responsibilities and duties of all persons, organizations or agencies which are to be involved in planning or directing oil removal operations.	図	
(b)	Establishment of notification procedures for the purpose of early detection and timely notification of an oil discharge including:	図	
(1)	The identification of critical water use areas to facilitate the reporting of and response to oil discharges.	V	
(2)	A current list of names, telephone numbers and addresses of the responsible persons (with alternates) and organizations to be notified when an oil discharge is discovered.	図	
(3)	Provisions for access to a reliable communications system for timely notification of an oil discharge, and the capability of interconnection with the communications systems established under related oil removal contingency plans, particularly State and National plans (e.g., National Contingency Plan (NCP)).	区	200-6
(4)	An established, prearranged procedure for requesting assistance during a major disaster or when the situation exceeds the response capability of the State, local or regional authority.	区	- na.
(c)	Provisions to assure that full resource capability is known and can be committed during an oil discharge situation including:	$\Box$	
(1)	The identification and inventory of applicable equipment, materials and supplies which are available locally and regionally.	区	
(2)	An estimate of the equipment, materials and supplies that would be required to remove the maximum oil discharge to be anticipated.	Ø	
(3)	Development of agreements and arrangements in advance of an oil discharge for the acquisition of equipment, materials and supplies to be used in responding to such a discharge.	区	
(d	Provisions for well-defined and specific actions to be taken after discovery and notification of an oil discharge including:	M	
(1	) Specification of an oil discharge response operating team consisting of trained, prepared and available operating personnel.	V	
(2	Pre-designation of a properly qualified oil discharge response coordinator who is charged with the responsibility and delegated commensurate authority for directing and coordinating response operations and who knows how to request assistance from Federal authorities operating under existing national and regional contingency plans.	Ø	П
(3	A preplanned location for an oil discharge response operations center and a reliable communications system for directing the coordinated overall response operations.		
(4	Provisions for varying degrees of response effort depending on the severity of the oil discharge.		
(5	Specification of the order of priority in which the various water uses are to be protected where more than one water use may be adversely affected as a result of an oil discharge and where response operations may not be adequate to protect all uses.		Ø
(4	Specific and well defined procedures to facilitate recovery of damages and enforcement measures as provided for by State and local statutes and ordinances.		

± ×

## ATTACHMENT D: TIER II QUALIFIED FACILITY CHECKLIST

☑ NA

	ED FACILITY PLAN REQUIREMENTS —40 CFR 112.6(b)	
112.6(b)(1)	Plan Certification: Owner/operator certified in the Plan that:	☐ Yes ☐ No
(i) 1		Yes No NA
		Yes No NA
	The Plan has been prepared in accordance with accepted and sound industry practices and standards and with the requirements of this part	Yes I No I NA
(iv)	Procedures for required inspections and testing have been established	☐ Yes ☐ No ☐ NA
(v)	He or she will fully implement the Plan	Yes No NA
(vi)	The facility meets the qualification criteria set forth under §112.3(g)(2)	Yes No NA
	The Plan does not deviate from any requirements as allowed by §§112.7(a)(2) and 112.7(d), except as described under §112.6(b)(3)(i) or (ii)	☐ Yes ☐ No ☐ NA
	The Plan and individual(s) responsible for implementing the Plan have the full approval of management and the facility owner or operator has committed the necessary resources to fully implement the Plan.	☐Yes ☐No ☐NA
	<b>Technical Amendments:</b> The owner/operator self-certified the Plan's technical amendments for a change in facility design, construction, operation, or maintenance that affected potential for a §112.1(b) discharge	Yes No NA
If YES	<ul> <li>Certification of technical amendments is in accordance with the self-certification provisions of §112.6(b)(1).</li> </ul>	LYes LNo LNA
(i)	A PE certified a portion of the Plan (i.e., Plan is informally referred to as a hybrid Plan)	Yes INO INA
If YES	<ul> <li>The PE also certified technical amendments that affect the PE certified portion of the Plan as required under §112.6(b)(4)(ii)</li> </ul>	L Yes L No L NA
(ii)	as a result of the change	Yes No NA
If YES	The facility no longer meets the Tier II qualifying criteria in §112.3(g)(2) bec ft exceeds 10,000 U.S. gallons in aggregate aboveground storage capaci	
	The owner/operator prepared and implemented a Plan within 6 months following the change and had it certified by a PE under §112.3(d)	☐ Yes ☐ No ☐ NA
112.6(b)(3)	Plan Deviations: Does the Plan include environmentally equivalent alternative methods or impracticability determinations for secondary containment?	CYes ONO ONA
If YES	Identify the alternatives in the hybrid Plan:  • Environmental equivalent alternative method(s) allowed under §112.7(a)(2);	
	<ul> <li>Impracticability determination under §112.7(d)</li> </ul>	Yes No NA
112.6(b)(4)	<ul> <li>For each environmentally equivalent measure, the Plan is accompanied by a written statement by the PE that describes: the reason for nonconformance, the alternative measure, and how it offers equivalent environmental protection in accordance with §112.7(a)(2);</li> </ul>	☐Yes ☐No ☐NA
	<ul> <li>For each secondary containment impracticability determination, the Plan explains the reason for the impracticability determination and provides the alternative measures to secondary containment required in §112.7(d)</li> </ul> AND	Yes No NA
(i)	PE certifies in the Plan that:	
(A)		Yes No No
(B)		Yes No N
(C)	The alternative method of environmental equivalence in accordance with §112.7(a)(2) or the determination of impracticability and alternative measures in accordance with §112.7(d) is consistent with good engineering practice, including consideration of applicable industry	Yes No No

#### ATTACHMENT E: ADDITIONAL COMMENTS

Running Foxes Petroleum – North Stoner Lease is an oil production operation located in Vernon County, Missouri. The storage tank battery associated with the lease is located just south of the South 100 Road and Hudson Road intersection about 3.4 miles northwest of Richards, Missouri. The lease is located approximately 50 feet east of the Missouri/Kansas border. The North Stoner Lease contains six bulk storage tanks (two crude oil, three produced water, and one gun barrel separator). The North Stoner Lease was selected for an SPCC inspection based on a spill that occurred on July 26, 2017. The North Stoner Lease has had other reported spills and several complaints made to the Missouri Department of Natural Resources (MDNR) and EPA by concerned citizens. The EPA previously completed an SPCC inspection at the North Stoner Lease on June 13, 2016, while following up on a release that occurred on June 6, 2016 at the nearby RFP Emmerson Lease.

The release that occurred July 26, 2017, was first discovered by a nearby landowner and reported to both MDNR and EPA. Upon arrival at the tank battery, Running Foxes Petroleum (RFP) personnel noted that all of the tank valves had been opened and transfer lines connecting the crude oil and produced water tanks were broken. Based on suspected vandalism causing the release, RFP notified the Vernon County Missouri and Bourbon County Kansas Sheriff's Departments. RFP personnel concluded that approximately 16,800 gallons of oil/produced water were released from the tanks, of which, 8,400 gallons breached secondary containment and were released to the environment. The discharged oil flowed north along South 100 Road where it flowed past the RFP – Emmerson Lease and into an unnamed tributary that flows west to Shiloh Creek. The unnamed tributary did not contain flowing water at the time of the release. Oil spill cleanup activities commenced upon discovery of the spill and were conducted by RFP. RFP reported to EPA that on July 26, 2017, RFP recovered approximately 3,360 gallons of oil from the unnamed tributary using their company vacuum truck. Cleanup activities continued through August 9, 2017, when EPA On-Scene Coordinator Mindy Luetke conducted a final site visit. Additional details regarding EPA's response to the Running Foxes Petroleum Oil Spill can be found at https://response.epa.gov/RunningFoxes. It should be noted that RFP did not report the release to the National Response Center.

The SPCC inspection was conducted on July 28, 2017. Mr. John Michels, Field Supervisor with RFP, met with EPA at the lease during the inspection. Mr. Michels provided EPA with a copy of the most current SPCC plan, which was dated February 7, 2017.

The SPCC Plan is intended to cover all RFP leases, including the North Stoner Lease. Lease specific information is addressed in separate sections of the plan. A review of the SPCC plan sections pertaining to the North Stoner Lease determined that the description of the secondary containment dimensions and containment capacity is not accurate. The capacity of the containment area is described as 38,586 gallons based on a design berm height of 30 inches. The actual berms were measured at approximately 6 inches in height at the lowest point on the south side of the containment.

There are no flow-through process vessels or produced water containers, associated with the lease, that are outside of sized secondary containment. An Oil Spill Contingency Plan has been developed, as the SPCC plan cites general secondary containment associated with oil field flowlines as impracticable.

Monthly inspection records were requested dating back to completion of the 2016 SPCC inspection. RFP provided the requested inspection records; however, they were found to be incomplete. Several months, including September and November 2016 and May and June 2017 were not provided. No records were provided regarding dike drainage because the facility reportedly pumps drainage water back into produced water tanks for injection into the wellfield. Training records were maintained and available.

## ATTACHMENT F: PHOTO DOCUMENTATION NOTES

Photo	SPCC Report Photolog		
Number	Number <sup>A</sup>	Direction	Description
IMG_0510	8	South	View of containment where oil spilled over
IMG_0528	9	North	View of containment where oil spilled over
IMG_0549	6	West	View of EPA measuring berm height
IMG_0553	7	Northeast	View of EPA measuring berm height - height at south side was 6 inches
IMG_0575	11	East	View of oil in unnamed tributary
IMG_0581	10	East	View of oil in unnamed tributary
IMG_0607	1	South	View of North Stoner lease sign
IMG_0608	NA	East	View of tank transfer that was broken
IMG_0609	NA	West	View of tank transfer that was broken
IMG_0610	NA	East	View of tank battery/secondary containment
IMG_0611	3	West	View of tank battery/secondary containment
IMG_0612	4	Southwest	View of tank battery/secondary containment with vegetation
IMG_0613	NA	Northeast	View of pumphouse within secondary containment
IMG_0614	5	North	View of pumphouse within secondary containment
IMG_0615	NA	West	View of oil-stained ground in secondary containment
IMG_0616	2	West	View of tank battery/secondary containment
IMG_0617	NA	North	View of area north of tank battery
IMG_0618	. NA	West	View of gravel lot north of tank battery
IMG_0619	12	East	View of wellhead associated with lease
IMG_0620	NA	East	View of wellhead associated with lease
IMG_0621	NA	West	View of wellhead associated with lease
IMG_0622	NA	South	View of wells associated with lease

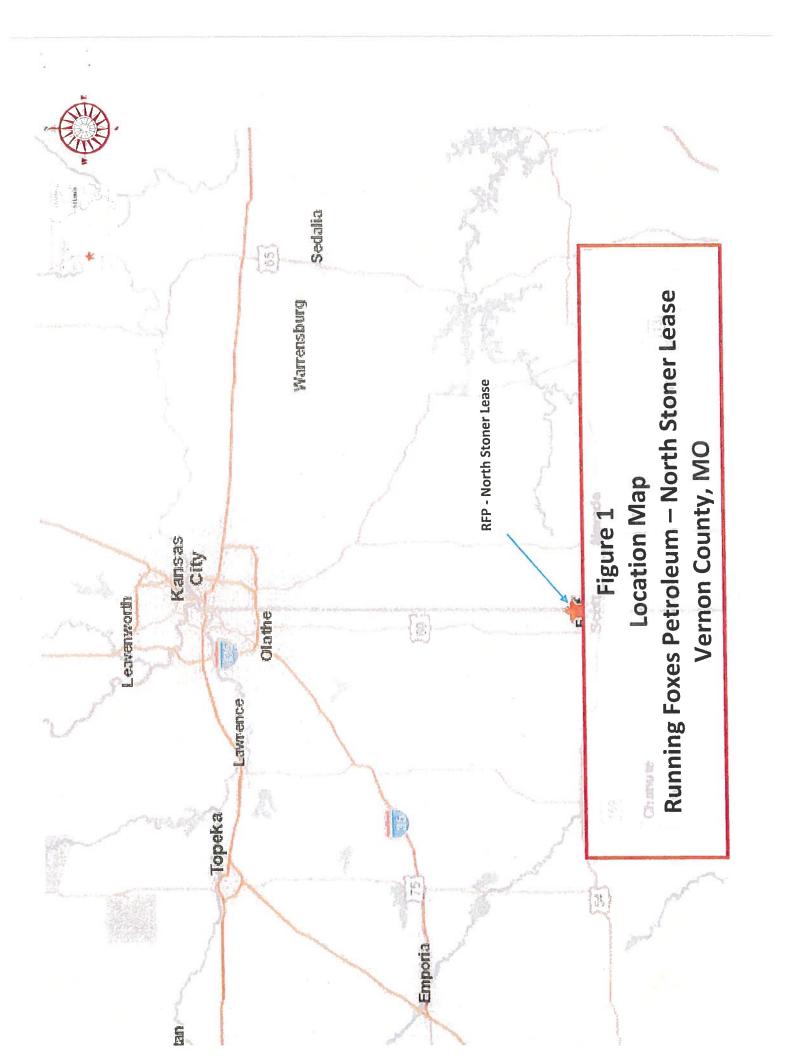
## Notes:

A Photolog number corresponds to photo number on the SPCC report photolog

NA Not applicable

All Photographs listed above were taken by OSC Jeff Pritchard on July 27 and 28, 2017.

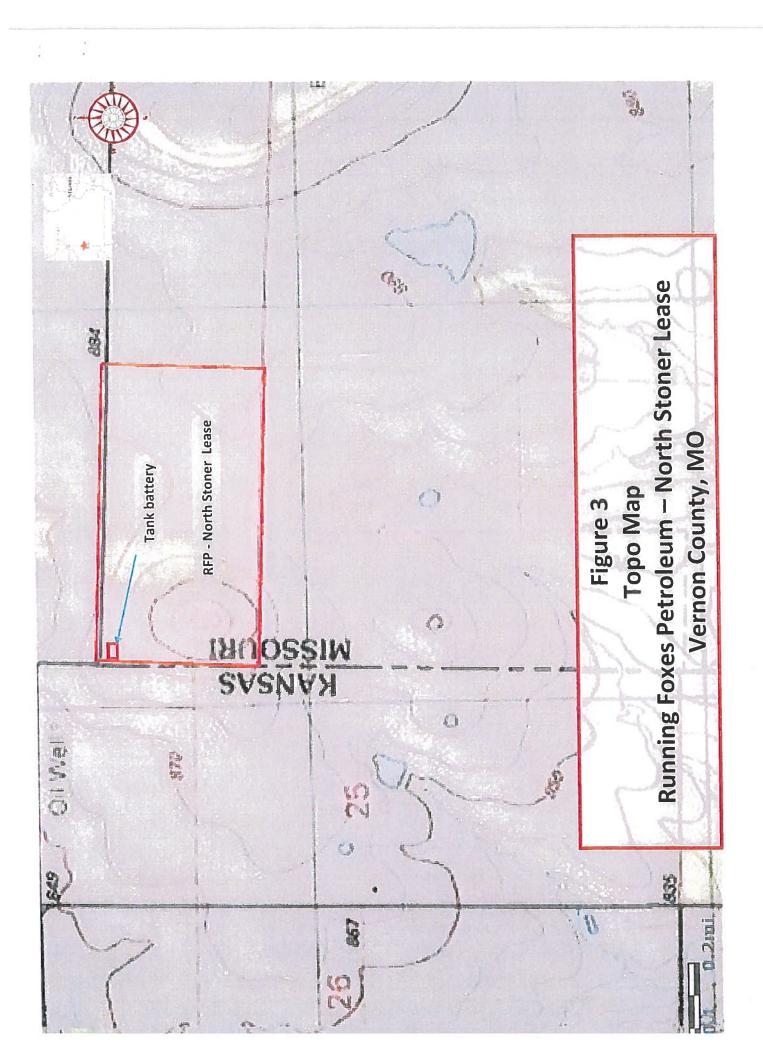
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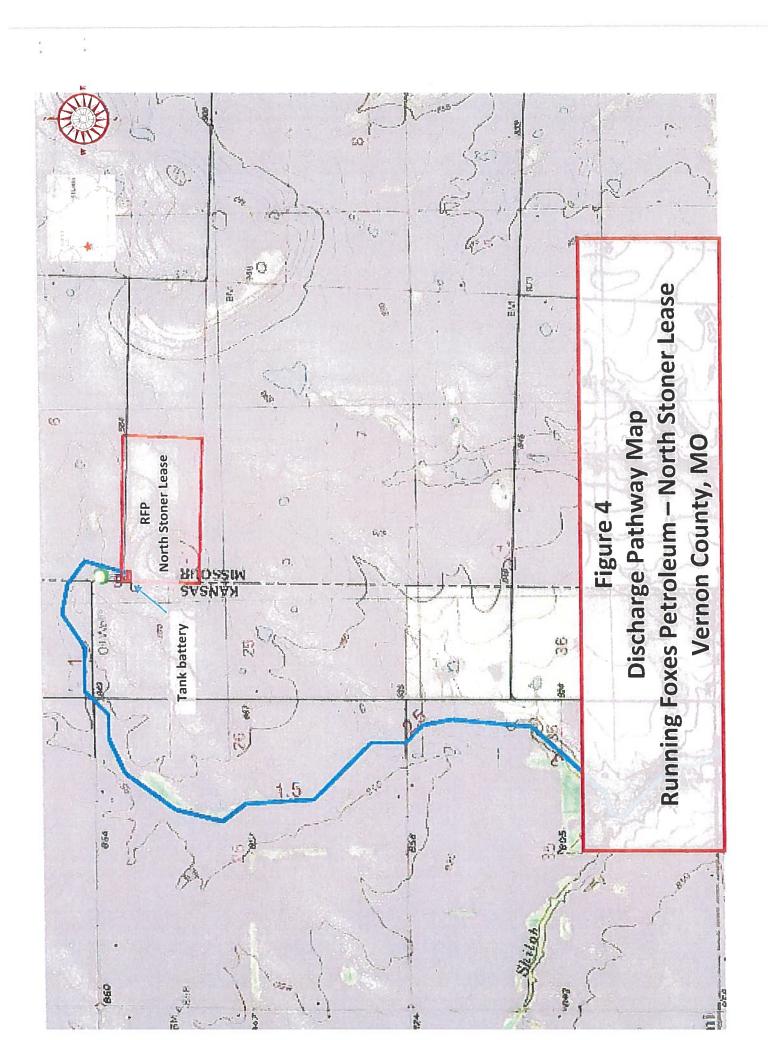


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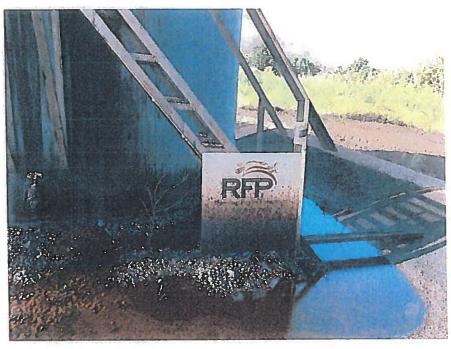


Photo No.: 1	Date: July 28, 2017	Time: AM
Photographer: Jeff Pritchard		Direction: South
Description: Photograph of the Running Foxes Petroleum – North Stoner Lease tank battery sign.		

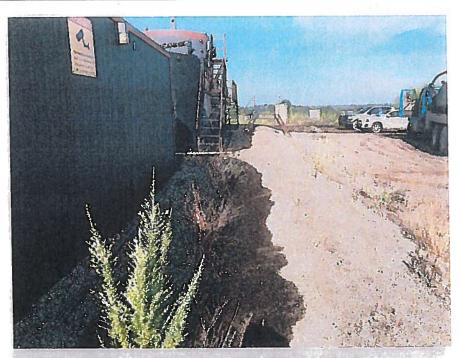


Photo No.: 2 Date: July 28, 2017		Time: AM	
Photographer: Jeff Pritchard		Direction: West	
Description: Pho	tograph of the north side of the N	North Stoner Lease tank battery. A spill occurred at	

this lease on July 26, 2017.



Photo No.: 3 Date: July 28, 2017 Time: AM

Photographer: Jeff Pritchard Direction: West

Description: Photograph of the southwest corner of secondary containment. Transfer lines

connecting the crude oil tanks were broken.



Photo No.: 4 Date: July 28, 2017 Time: AM

Photographer: Jeff Pritchard Direction: West

Description: Photograph of the south side of secondary containment where vegetation was present.



Photo No.: 5 Date: July 28, 2017 Time: AM

Photographer: Jeff Pritchard Direction: North

Description: Photograph of the east portion of secondary containment where vegetation was

**Description:** Photograph of the east portion of secondary containment where vegetation was present.



Photo No.: 6 Date: July 28, 2017 Time: AM

Photographer: Jeff Pritchard Direction: West

Description: Photograph of EPA inspectors measuring secondary containment berm height during

**Description:** Photograph of EPA inspectors measuring secondary containment berm-height during

SPCC inspection.



Photo No.: 7 Date: July 28, 2017 Time: AM

Photographer: Jeff Pritchard Direction: Northeast

Description: Photograph of berm height measurement from the south side of containment. The

**Description:** Photograph of berm height measurement from the south side of containment. The measured height was approximately 6 inches.

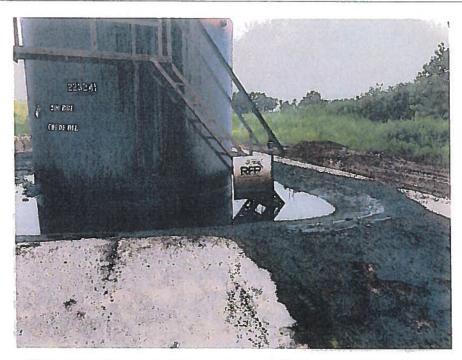


Photo No.: 8 Date: July 28, 2017 Time: AM
Photographer: Jeff Pritchard Direction: South

**Description:** Photograph of the west side of secondary containment where oil spilled over during the release on July 26, 2017.



Photo No.: 9 Date: July 28, 2017 Time: AM

Photographer: Jeff Pritchard Direction: North

Procedure: Photograph of the porthwest corper of secondary containment where oil spilled over

**Description:** Photograph of the northwest corner of secondary containment where oil spilled over during the release on July 26, 2017.



Photo No.: 10	Date: July 27, 2017	Time: AM
Photographer: Jeff Pritchard		Direction: East

**Description:** Photograph of oil from the North Stoner Lease spill in the unnamed tributary to Shiloh Creek.



Photo No.: 11 Date: July 27, 2017 Time: AM
Photographer: Jeff Pritchard Direction: East

**Description:** Photograph of oil from the North Stoner Lease spill in the unnamed tributary to Shiloh Creek.



Photo No.:12Date: July 28, 2017Time: AMPhotographer: Jeff PritchardDirection: EastDescription: Photograph of a pump jack associated with the North Stoner Lease.